JA60, JA62, JA65, JE75, JX75, and JX85 21-Inch Walk-Behind Mower (Cast Deck)

TECHNICAL MANUAL

John Deere Worldwide Commercial and Consumer Equipment Division

TM1723 (Mar01) Replaces TM1723 (15Oct97)



21" Walk-Behind Mower (Cast Deck)

This technical manual is written for an experienced technician and contains sections that are specifically for this product. It is a part of a total product support program.

Safety



The manual is organized so that all the information on a particular system is kept together. The order of grouping is as follows:

Specifications and Information

Engine - B&S Quantum



- · Table of Contents
- · General Diagnostic Information
- Specifications
- · Electrical Wiring Harness Legend
- Component Location
- System Schematic
- Wiring Harness
- · Troubleshooting Chart
- · Theory of Operation
- Diagnostics
- · Tests & Adjustments
- Repair

Engine - B&S Intek



Note: Depending on the particular section or system being covered, not all of the above groups may be used.

Engine - Kawasaki



Each section will be identified with a symbol rather than a number. The groups and pages within a section will be consecutively numbered.

Electrical



We appreciate your input on this manual. To help, there are postage paid post cards included at the back. If you find any errors or want to comment on the layout of the manual please fill out one of the cards and mail it back to us.

Power Train



All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

Miscellaneous



COPYRIGHT[©] 2001
Deere and Co.
John Deere Worldwide Commercial and
Consumer Equipment Division
Horicon, WI
All rights reserved

3/30/01 1 - 1



Recognize Safety Information



This is the safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

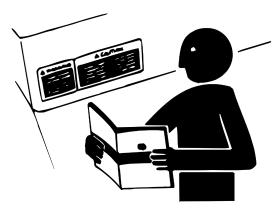
Follow recommended precautions and safe servicing practices.

Understand Signal Words

A signal word—DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION—is used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards.

DANGER or WARNING safety signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs. CAUTION also calls attention to safety messages in this manual.

Replace Safety Signs

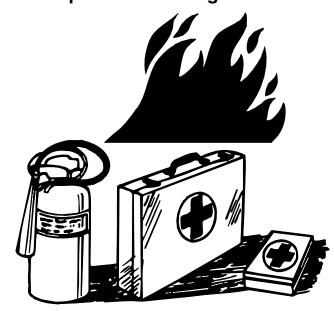


Replace missing or damaged safety signs. See the machine operator's manual for correct safety sign placement.

WARNING: California Proposition 65 Warning

Gasoline engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Handle Fluids Safely-Avoid Fires Be Prepared For Emergencies



When you work around fuel, do not smoke or work near heaters or other fire hazards.

Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.

Make sure machine is clean of trash, grease, and debris.

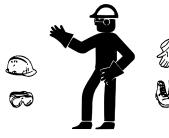
Do not store oily rags; they can ignite and burn spontaneously.

Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.

Wear Protective Clothing



Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing. Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.

1 - 2 3/30/01

Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating machine.

Service Machines Safely



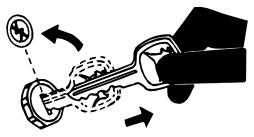
Tie long hair behind your head. Do not wear a necktie, scarf, loose clothing, or necklace when you work near machine tools or moving parts. If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.

Use Proper Tools

Use tools appropriate to the work. Makeshift tools and procedures can create safety hazards. Use power tools only to loosen threaded parts and fasteners. For loosening and tightening hardware, use the correct size tools. **DO NOT** use U.S. measurement tools on metric fasteners. Avoid bodily injury caused by slipping wrenches. Use only service parts meeting John Deere specifications.

Park Machine Safely



Before working on the machine:

- 1. Lower all equipment to the ground.
- 2. Stop the engine and remove the key.
- Hang a "DO NOT OPERATE" tag in operator station.

Support Machine Properly And Use Proper Lifting Equipment

If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment.

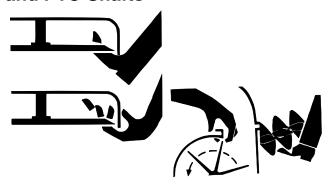
Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load. Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack. Follow recommended procedures in this manual.





Lifting heavy components incorrectly can cause severe injury or machine damage. Follow recommended procedure for removal and installation of components in the manual.

Avoid Injury From Rotating Blades and PTO Shafts



Keep hands and feet away while machine is running. Shut off power to service, lubricate or remove mower blades or PTO shafts.

Work In Clean Area

Before starting a job:

- 1. Clean work area and machine.
- 2. Make sure you have all necessary tools to do your job.
- 3. Have the right parts on hand.
- 4. Read all instructions thoroughly; do not attempt shortcuts.

Using High Pressure Washers

Directing pressurized water at electronic/electrical components or connectors, bearings, or other sensitive parts and components may cause product malfunctions. Reduce pressure and spray at a 45 to 90 degree angle.

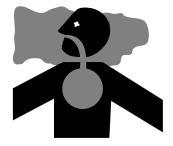
Illuminate Work Area Safely

Illuminate your work area adequately but safely. Use a portable safety light for working inside or under the machine. Make sure the bulb is enclosed by a wire cage. The hot filament of an accidentally broken bulb can ignite spilled fuel or oil.

3/30/01 1 - 3



Work In Ventilated Area



Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension.

If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, open the doors and get outside air into the area.

Remove Paint Before Welding Or Heating

Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust. Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch. Do all work outside or in a well ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly. Remove paint before welding or heating: If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator. If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

Avoid Harmful Asbestos Dust

Avoid breathing dust that may be generated when handling components containing asbestos fibers. Inhaled asbestos fibers may cause lung cancer.

Components in products that may contain asbestos fibers are brake pads, brake band and lining assemblies, clutch plates, and some gaskets. The asbestos used in these components is usually found in a resin or sealed in some way. Normal handling is not hazardous as long as airborne dust containing asbestos is not generated.

Avoid creating dust. Never use compressed air for cleaning. Avoid brushing or grinding material containing asbestos. When servicing, wear an approved respirator. A special vacuum cleaner is recommended to clean asbestos. If not available, apply a mist of oil or water on the material containing asbestos. Keep bystanders away from the area.

Handle Chemical Products Safely





Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used with John Deere equipment include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.

A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides specific details on chemical products: physical and health hazards, safety procedures, and emergency response techniques. Check the MSDS before you start any job using a hazardous chemical. That way you will know exactly what the risks are and how to do the job safely. Then follow procedures and recommended equipment.

Dispose of Waste Properly

Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment and ecology. Potentially harmful waste used with John Deere equipment include such items as oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, and batteries. Use leakproof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them. Do not pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source. Inquire on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling center, or from your John Deere dealer.

Live With Safety



Before returning machine to customer, make sure machine is functioning properly, especially the safety systems. Install all guards and shields.

1 - 4 3/30/01

CONTENTS

	Page
GENERAL VEHICLE SPECIFICATIONS	3
ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS	3
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	3
FUEL SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	3
TRANSMISSION SPECIFICATIONS	3
DIMENSIONS	3
TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS	
INCH FASTENER TORQUE VALUES	5
METRIC FASTENER TORQUE VALUES	
LUBRICANTS	
GASOLINE	
GASOLINE STORAGE	
ENGINE OIL	
ENGINE BREAK-IN OIL	
TRANSAXLE OIL	
ANTI-CORROSION GREASE	
ALTERNATIVE LUBRICANTS	
SYNTHETIC LUBRICANTS	-
LUBRICANT STORAGE	
MIXING OF LUBRICANTS	_
OIL FILTERS	
PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION LOCATIONS	11



GENERAL MOWER SPECIFICATION'S

ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE SPEC	SIFICATIONS			
Product	JA60/JA62/JA65	JA60/JA62/JA65	JE75	JX75/JX85
Manufacturer	Briggs & Stratton	Briggs & Stratton	Kawasaki	Kawasaki
Engine Model	12J802 (Quantum)	121602 (Intek)	FC150V-ES20	FC150V-HS00 (JX75) FC150V-GS07 (JX85)
Type	4-cycle gas/Air cooled	4-cycle gas/Air cooled	4-cycle gas/Air cooled	4-cycle gas/Air cooled
Cylinders	1	1	1	1
Valves	Side valves	Overhead	Overhead	Overhead
Displacement	190 cc (11.56 cu. in.)	190 cc (11.56 cu. in.)	153 cc (9.34 cu. in.)	153 cc (9.34 cu. in.)
Horsepower	4.5 kW (6 HP)	4.8 kW (6.5 HP)	4.1 kW (5.5 HP)	4.1 kW (5.5 HP)
Lubrication	Splash	Splash	Pressure	Pressure
Oil filter		N/A	N/A	Replaceable (JX85 Only)
Oil Capacity	0.65 L (22.0 oz)	0.65 L (22.0 oz)	0.6 L (20.0 oz)	0.66 L (22.0 oz) w/filter
Throttle Control	Variable speed	Variable Speed	Variable speed	Variable speed
Slow Idle Speed	1500 ± 100 rpm	1500 ± 100 rpm	1550 ± 100 rpm	1550 ± 100 rpm
Fast Idle Speed	3200 ± 100 rpm	3200 ± 100 rpm	3125 ± 75 rpm	3125 ± 75 rpm
Carburetor	CARB/EPA Certified	CARB/EPA Certified	CARB/EPA Certified	CARB/EPA Certified
Choke	Primer bulb	Primer bulb	Manual	Manual
Cooling system	Air	Air	Air	Air
Air cleaner	Dry replaceable single element	element	Dry replaceable dual element	Dry replaceable dual element
ELECTRICAL				
SPECIFICATION	ONS			
Ignition	Electronic	Electronic	Capacitive discharge	Capacitive discharge
Ignition Coil Air Gap	0.15 - 0.25 mm (0.006 - 0.010 in.)	0.15 – 0.36 mm (0.006 – 0.014 in.)	0.30 mm (0.012 in.)	0.30 mm (0.012 in.)
Spark Plug (resistor)	RCJ8 Champion	RC12YC Champion	RJ19LM Champion	RJ19LM Champion
Spark Plug Gap	,	0.51 mm (0.020 in.)	0.710 – 0.084 mm (0.028 – 0.033 in.)	0.710 – 0.084 mm (0.028 – 0.033 in.)
FUEL SYSTEI				
SPECIFICATION	ONS			
Fuel type	Unleaded gasoline	Unleaded gasoline	Unleaded gasoline	Unleaded gasoline
Capacity	1.5 L (1.6 U.S. qt)	1.5 L (1.6 U.S. qt)	1.3 L (1.4 U.S. qt)	1.3 L (1.4 U.S. qt)
TRANSMISSIO	NC			
SPECIFICATION	ONS			
Make	Kanzaki Tuff Torq	Kanzaki Tuff Torq	Kanzaki Tuff Torq	Kanzaki Tuff Torq
Type	Two or Five Speed	Two or Five Speed	Five Speed	Five Speed
Drive belt	•	3L – 861.0 mm (33.90	•	3L – 861.0 mm (33.90
Divo bolt	in.)	in.)	in.)	in.)
Transaxle	Fully enclosed; grease	Fully enclosed; grease	Fully enclosed; grease	Fully enclosed; grease
Gear selection	2 or 5 Forward (except JA60 - Push)	2 or 5 Forward (except JA60 - Push)	5 Forward	5 Forward
Brake	Blade brake (clutch)	Blade brake (clutch)	Blade brake (clutch)	Blade brake (clutch)
DIMENSIONS				
Tire & Wheel Size	8.0 x 2.0	8.0 x 2.0	8.0 x 2.0	8.0 x 2.0
Shipping Weight (Approx.)	(43.0 kg) 95 lb.	(44.0 kg) 98 lb.	(48.0 kg) 105 lb.	(54.0 kg) 120 lb.

1. Specifications and design subject to change without notice.



Cutting Width 53.34 cm (21 inches) 53.34 cm (21 inches) 53.34 cm (21 inches) 53.34 cm (21 inches) **Cutting Height** 1.3 - 8.9 cm 1.3 - 8.9 cm1.3 - 8.9 cm1.3 - 8.9 cm(0.5 - 3.5 inches)(0.5 - 3.5 inches)(0.5 - 3.5 inches)(0.5 - 3.5 inches)Ground Speeds (2- 1st - 3.2 kph (2.0 mph) 1st - 3.2 kph (2.0 mph) N/A Speed) 2nd - 4.8 kph (3.0 2nd - 4.8 kph (3.0 2nd - 4.8 kph (3.0 mph) mph) Ground Speeds (5- 1st - 1.9 kph (1.2 mph) 1st - 1.9 kph(1.2 mph) 1st - 1.9 kph(1.2 mph) 1st - 1.9 kph(1.2 mph) 2nd - 2.9 kph(1.8 mph) 2nd - 2.9 kph(1.8 mph) 2nd - 2.9 kph(1.8 mph)

3rd - 3.9 kph(2.4 mph) 3rd - 3.9 kph(2.4 mph) 3rd - 3.9 kph(2.4 mph) 3rd - 3.9 kph(2.4 mph) 4th - 4.8 kph(3.0 mph) 4th - 4.8 kph(3.0 mph) 4th - 4.8 kph(3.0 mph) 5th - 6.6 kph(4.1 mph) 5th - 6.6 kph(4.1 mph) 5th - 6.6 kph(4.1 mph)



TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

Briggs & Stratton Engine:

Spark Plug	0 lb-in.)
Cylinder Head Cap Screw	0 lb-in.)
Flywheel Nut Torque 81 N•m (6	0 lb-ft.)
Intake Manifold Cap Screw	0 lb-in.)
Muffler Shoulder Bolts (6.0 Quantum)	9 lb-in.)
Muffler Bolts (6.5 Intek)	9 lb-in.)
Muffler Cylinder Head Bolts (6.5 Intek) 9.6 N•m (89)	5 lb-in.)
Carburetor Mount	9 lb-in.)
Connecting Rod Cap Screw	0 lb-in.)
Crankcase Cover Cap Screw 9.6 N•m (85	5 lb-in.)
Engine to Housing Cap Screws	10 lb-ft)

Kawasaki Engine:

Spark Plug	20 N•m (180 lb-in.)
Initial TorqueFinal Torque	
Flywheel Nut Torque	45 N•m (33 lb-ft.)
Muffler Nuts	10 N•m (89 lb-in.)
Carburetor Mount	9 N•m (90 lb-in.)
Connecting Rod Cap Screw	12 N•m (106 lb-in.)
Crankcase Cover Cap Screw	7 N•m (62 lb-in.)
Engine to Housing Cap Screws	. 55 ± 14 N•m (40 ± 10 lb-ft)
Rocker Arm Lock Nut	7 N•m (62 lb-in.)

Blade and Blade Brake Clutch:

Blade Brake Clutch Release Spring Bracket to Deck	11 N•m (97 lb-in.)
Blade Brake Clutch (Center Bolt)	.75 ± 14 N•m (55 ± 10 lb-ft)
Mower Blade to Blade Brake Clutch	
Mower Blade to Crankshaft Blade Adaptor (JA60 & JA62 O	nly)75 ± 14 N•m (55 ± 10 lb-ft)

2 - 4 3/30/01

INCH FASTENER TORQUE VALUES

SAE Grade and Head Markings	No Marks	5 5.1 5.2	8 8.2
SAE Grade and Nut Markings	No Marks	5	8 E TS1162



	Grade	1			Grado	Grade 2 ^b Grade 5, 5.1 or 5.2					7 5.2 Grade 8 or 8.2					
			T - •						·							
	Lubrica	ited ^a	Dry ^a		Lubrica	ited ^a	Dry ^a		Lubricated ^a Dry ^a			Lubricated ^a		Dry ^a		
SIZE	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft
1/4	3.7	2.8	4.7	3.5	6	4.5	7.5	5.5	9.5	7	12	9	13.5	10	17	12.5
5/16	7.7	5.5	10	7	12	9	15	11	20	15	25	18	28	21	35	26
3/8	14	10	17	13	22	16	27	20	35	26	44	33	50	36	63	46
7/16	22	16	28	20	35	26	44	32	55	41	70	52	80	58	100	75
1/2	33	25	42	31	53	39	67	50	85	63	110	80	120	90	150	115
9/16	48	36	60	45	75	56	95	70	125	90	155	115	175	130	225	160
5/8	67	50	85	62	105	78	135	100	170	125	215	160	215	160	300	225
3/4	120	87	150	110	190	140	240	175	300	225	375	280	425	310	550	400
7/8	190	140	240	175	190	140	240	175	490	360	625	450	700	500	875	650
1	290	210	360	270	290	210	360	270	725	540	925	675	1050	750	1300	975
1-1/8	470	300	510	375	470	300	510	375	900	675	1150	850	1450	1075	1850	1350
1-1/4	570	425	725	530	570	425	725	530	1300	950	1650	1200	2050	1500	2600	1950
1-3/8	750	550	950	700	750	550	950	700	1700	1250	2150	1550	2700	2000	3400	2550
1-1/2	1000	725	1250	925	990	725	1250	930	2250	1650	2850	2100	3600	2650	4550	3350

DO NOT use these hand torque values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only and include a $\pm 10\%$ variance factor. Check tightness of fasteners periodically. DO NOT use air powered wrenches.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same grade. Make sure fastener threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

When bolt and nut combination fasteners are used, torque values should be applied to the **NUT** instead of the bolt head.

Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

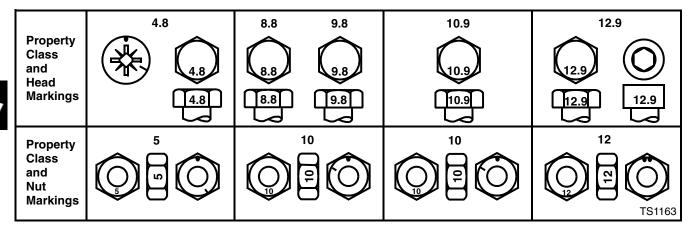
a "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant

such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings. "Dry" means plain or zinc plated (yellow dichromate - Specification JDS117) without any lubrication.

b "Grade 2" applies for hex cap screws (not hex bolts) up to 152 mm (6-in.) long. "Grade 1" applies for hex cap screws over 152 mm (6-in.) long, and for all other types of bolts and screws of any length.

Reference: JDS-G200.

METRIC FASTENER TORQUE VALUES



	Class 4	l.8			Class 8.8 or 9.8			Class 10.9				Class 12.9				
1	Lubrica	ıted ^a	Dry ^a		Lubrica	ıted ^a	Dry ^a	Dry ^a		Lubricateda		Dry ^a		Lubricateda		
SIZE	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft	N•m	lb-ft
M6	48	3.5	6	4.5	9	6.5	11	8.5	13	9.5	17	12	15	11.5	19	14.5
M8	12	8.5	15	11	22	16	28	20	32	24	40	30	37	28	47	35
M10	23	17	29	21	43	32	55	40	63	47	80	60	75	55	95	70
M12	40	29	50	37	75	55	95	70	110	80	140	105	130	95	165	120
M14	63	47	80	60	120	88	150	110	175	130	225	165	205	150	260	109
M16	100	73	125	92	190	140	240	175	275	200	350	225	320	240	400	300
M18	135	100	175	125	260	195	330	250	375	275	475	350	440	325	560	410
M20	190	140	240	180	375	275	475	350	530	400	675	500	625	460	800	580
M22	260	190	330	250	510	375	650	475	725	540	925	675	850	625	1075	800
M24	330	250	425	310	650	475	825	600	925	675	1150	850	1075	800	1350	1000
M27	490	360	625	450	950	700	1200	875	1350	1000	1700	1250	1600	1150	2000	1500
M30	675	490	850	625	1300	950	1650	1200	1850	1350	2300	1700	2150	1600	2700	2000
M33	900	675	1150	850	1750	1300	2200	1650	2500	1850	3150	2350	2900	2150	3700	2750
M36	1150	850	1450	1075	2250	1650	2850	2100	3200	2350	4050	3000	3750	2750	4750	3500

DO NOT use these hand torque values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only and include a $\pm 10\%$ variance factor. Check tightness of fasteners periodically. DO NOT use air powered wrenches.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same grade. Make sure fastener threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

When bolt and nut combination fasteners are used, torque values should be applied to the **NUT** instead of the bolt head.

Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

Reference: JDS-G200.

2 - 6 3/30/01

^a "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings. "Dry" means plain or zinc plated (yellow dichromate - Specification JDS117) without any lubrication.

LUBRICANTS GASOLINE



CAUTION

Gasoline is HIGHLY FLAMMABLE, handle it with care.

DO NOT refuel machine while:

- · indoors, always fill gas tank outdoors;
- · machine is near an open flame or sparks;
- · engine is running, STOP engine;
- · engine is hot, allow it to cool sufficiently first;
- · smoking.

Help prevent fires:

- · fill gas tank to bottom of filler neck only;
- · be sure fill cap is tight after fueling;
- · clean up any gas spills IMMEDIATELY;
- keep machine clean and in good repair-free of excess grease, oil, debris, and faulty or damaged parts;
- any storage of machines with gas left in tank should be in an area that is well ventilated to prevent possible igniting of fumes by an open flame or spark, this includes any appliance with a pilot light.

To prevent fire or explosion caused by STATIC ELECTRIC DISCHARGE during fueling:

 ONLY use a clean, approved POLYETHYLENE PLASTIC fuel container and funnel WITHOUT any metal screen or filter.

To avoid engine damage:

- DO NOT mix oil with gasoline;
- ONLY use fresh, clean gasoline;
- fill gas tank at the end of each day's operation to help prevent condensation from forming inside a partially filled tank;
- keep up with specified service intervals.

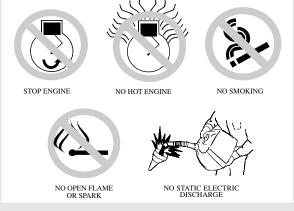
Unleaded gasoline with a minimum octane rating (antiknock index) of 87 is recommended because it burns cleaner and leaves less unburned deposits in the engine combustion chamber.

Use of alternative oxygenated, gasohol blended, unleaded gasoline is acceptable as long as:

- the ethyl or grain alcohol blends DO NOT exceed 10% by volume or
- methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) blends DO NOT exceed 15% by volume.



IMPORTANT: DO NOT use METHANOL gasoline because METHANOL is harmful to the environment and to your health.



GASOLINE STORAGE

IMPORTANT: Keep all dirt, scale, water or other foreign material out of gasoline.

Keep gasoline in a safe, protected area and in a clean, properly marked "UNLEADED GASOLINE" container. DO NOT use deicers to attempt to remove water from gasoline. DO NOT depend on fuel filters to remove water from gasoline. It is recommended that a water separator be installed in the storage tank outlet.

BE SURE to properly discard unstable or contaminated gasoline.

Whether the unit is either stored or used during the winter, it is recommended that you add John Deere Gasoline Conditioner and Stabilizer (TY15977) or an equivalent to the gasoline. BE SURE to follow directions on container and properly discard empty container.

It is recommended that gasoline be stored **ONLY** in an approved **POLYETHYLENE PLASTIC** container **WITHOUT** any metal screen or filter. This will help prevent any accidental sparks from occurring.

r your customers:

- Module DX,ENOIL in JDS-G135;
- Section 530, Lubricants & Hydraulics, of the John Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;

ENGINE OIL

Use the appropriate oil viscosity based on the expected air temperature range during the period between recommended oil changes. Operating outside of these recommended oil air temperature ranges may cause premature engine failure.

The following John Deere oil is **PREFERRED**:

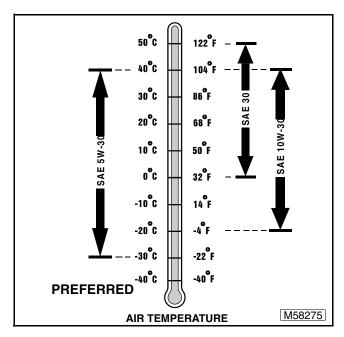
- TORQ-GARD SUPREME®—SAE 5W-30;
- UNI-GARD™—SAE 5W-30.

The following John Deere oils are **also recommended**, based on their specified temperature range:

- TURF-GARD®-SAE 10W-30;
- PLUS-4®-SAE 10W-30;
- TORQ-GARD SUPREME®—SAE 30;
- TORQ-GARD SUPREME®-SAE 10W-30;
- UNI-GARD™—SAE 10W-30;
- UNI-GARD™—SAE 30.

Other oils may be used if above John Deere oils are not available, provided they meet one of the following specifications:

- SAE 5W-30—API Service Classification SG or higher:
- SAE 10W-30—API Service Classification SG or higher;
- SAE 30—API Service Classification SC or higher.



John Deere Dealers: You may want to cross-reference the following publications to recommend the proper oil for your customers:

- Module DX.ENOIL2 in JDS-G135:
- Section 530, Lubricants and Hydraulics, of the John Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;
- Lubrication Sales Manual PI7032.

ENGINE BREAK-IN OIL

IMPORTANT: ONLY use a quality break-in oil in rebuilt or remanufactured engines for the <u>first 5 hours (maximum) of operation</u>. DO NOT use oils with heavier viscosity weights than SAE 5W-30 or oils meeting specifications API SG or SH, these oils will not allow rebuilt or remanufactured engines to break-in properly.

The following John Deere oil is **PREFERRED**:

• John Deere BREAK-IN ENGINE OIL.

John Deere BREAK-IN ENGINE OIL is formulated with special additives for aluminum and cast iron type engines to allow the power cylinder components (pistons, rings, and liners as well) to "wear-in" while protecting other engine components, valve train and gears, from abnormal wear. Engine rebuild instructions should be followed closely to determine if special requirements are necessary.

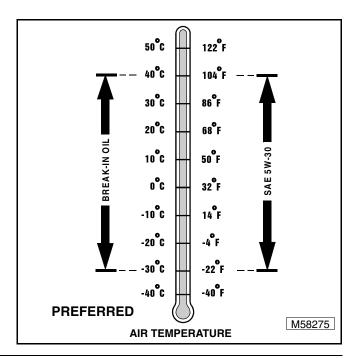
John Deere BREAK-IN ENGINE OIL is also recommended for non-John Deere engines, both aluminum and cast iron types.

The following John Deere oil is **also recommended** as a break-in engine oil:

TORQ-GARD SUPREME®—SAE 5W-30.

If the above recommended John Deere oils are not available, use a break-in engine oil meeting the following specification during the first 5 hours (maximum) of operation:

- SAE 5W-30—API Service Classification SE or higher.
- SAE 5W-30—CCMC Specification G4 or higher.



2 - 8

IMPORTANT: After the break-in period, use the John Deere oil that is recommended for this engine.

John Deere Dealers: You may want to cross-reference the following publications to recommend the proper oil for your customers:

- Module DX, ENOIL4 in JDS-G135;
- Section 530, Lubricants and Hydraulics, of the John Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;
- Lubrication Sales Manual PI7032.

TRANSAXLE OIL

IMPORTANT: DO NOT use engine oil or "Type F" (Red) Automatic Transmission Fluid in this transmission. DO NOT mix any other oils in this transmission. DO NOT use BIO-HY-GARD® in this transmission.

Use recommended oil viscosity based on the expected air temperature range during the service interval.

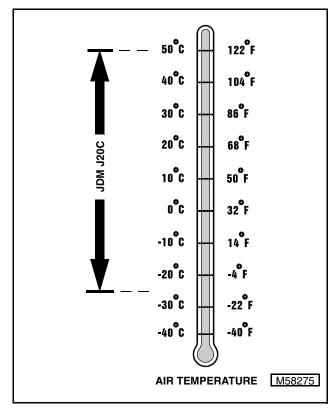
The following John Deere transmission and hydraulic oil is **PREFERRED**:

HY-GARD®—JDM J20C.

Other oils may be used if above recommended John Deere oil is not available, provided they meet the following specification:

• John Deere Standard JDM J20C.

IMPORTANT: If minimum air temperature should fall below -25°C (-13°F), the transmission oil must be heated to at least five degrees above the lower limit before start-up or transmission may be damaged. For prolonged operation under heavy load in air temperatures above 50°C (122°F) reduce service interval by 50%.



John Deere Dealers: You may want to cross-reference the following publications to recommend the proper oil for your customers:

- Module DX,ANTI in JDS-G135;
- Section 530, Lubricants & Hydraulics, of the John Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;
- Lubrication Sales Manual PI7032.

NOTE: Disregard the John Deere All Weather Hydrostatic Fluid (JDM J21A) listing—it has been eliminated from the specification.



ANTI-CORROSION GREASE

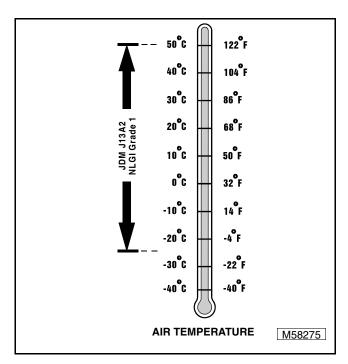
This anti-corrosion grease is formulated to provide the best protection against absorbing moisture, which is one of the major causes of corrosion. This grease is also superior in its resistance to separation and migration.

The following anti-corrosion grease is **PREFERRED**:

 DuBois MPG-2® Multi-Purpose Polymer Grease—M79292.

Other greases may be used if they meet or exceed the following specifications:

• John Deere Standard JDM J13A2, NLGI Grade 1.



John Deere Dealers: You may want to cross-reference the following publications to recommend the proper grease for your customers:

- Module DX,GREA1 in JDS-G135;
- Section 530, Lubricants and Hydraulics, of the John Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;
- Lubrication Sales Manual PI7032.

ALTERNATIVE LUBRICANTS

Conditions in certain geographical areas outside the United States and Canada may require different lubricant recommendations than the ones printed in this technical manual or the operator's manual. Consult with your John Deere Dealer, or Sales Branch, to obtain the alternative lubricant recommendations.

IMPORTANT: Use of alternative lubricants could cause reduced life of the component.

If alternative lubricants are to be used, it is recommended that the factory fill be thoroughly removed before switching to any alternative lubricant.

SYNTHETIC LUBRICANTS

Synthetic lubricants may be used in John Deere equipment if they meet the applicable performance requirements (industry classification and/or military specification) as shown in this manual.

The recommended air temperature limits and service or lubricant change intervals should be maintained as shown in the operator's manual.

Avoid mixing different brands, grades, or types of oil. Oil manufacturers blend additives in their oils to meet certain specifications and performance requirements. Mixing different oils can interfere with the proper functioning of these additives and degrade lubricant performance.

LUBRICANT STORAGE

All machines operate at top efficiency only when clean lubricants are used. Use clean storage containers to handle all lubricants. Store them in an area protected from dust, moisture, and other contamination. Store drums on their sides. Make sure all containers are properly marked as to their contents. Dispose of all old, used containers and their contents properly.

MIXING OF LUBRICANTS

In general, avoid mixing different brands or types of lubricants. Manufacturers blend additives in their lubricants to meet certain specifications and performance requirements. Mixing different lubricants can interfere with the proper functioning of these additives and lubricant properties which will downgrade their intended specified performance.

2 - 10 3/30/01



CHASSIS GREASE

Use the following grease based on the air temperature range. Operating outside of the recommended grease air temperature range may cause premature failures.

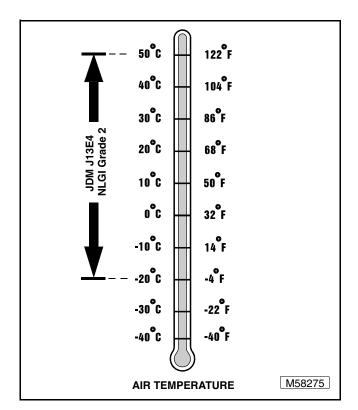
IMPORTANT: ONLY use a quality grease in this application. DO NOT mix any other greases in this application. DO NOT use any BIO-GREASE in this application.

The following John Deere grease is **PREFERRED**:

- HIGH-TEMPERATURE EP GREASE®—JDM J13E4, NLGI Grade 2.
- GREASE-GARD™—JDM J13E4, NLGI Grade 2.

Other greases may be used if above preferred John Deere grease is not available, provided they meet the following specification:

• John Deere Standard JDM J13E4, NLGI Grade 2.



John Deere Dealers: You may want to cross-reference the following publications to recommend the proper grease for your customers:

- Module DX,GREA1 in JDS-G135;
- Section 530, Lubricants and Hydraulics, of the John Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;
- Lubrication Sales Manual P17032.

OIL FILTERS

IMPORTANT: Filtration of oils is critical to proper lubrication performance. Always change filters regularly.

The following John Deere oil filters are PREFERRED:

 AUTOMOTIVE AND LIGHT TRUCK ENGINE OIL FILTERS



Other oil filters may be used if above recommended John Deere oil filters are not available, provided they meet the following specification:

• ASTB Tested In Accordance With SAE J806.

anti-drainback valves for better engine protection.

John Deere Dealers: You may want to cross-reference the following publications to recommend the proper oil filter for your customers:

- Module DX,FILT in JDS-G135;
- Section 540, Lubricants & Hydraulics, of the John Deere Merchandise Sales Guide;
- Lawn & Grounds Care Tune-Up Guide PI672.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION LOCATIONS

When ordering parts or submitting a warranty claim, it is IMPORTANT that you include the product identification number and the component product identification numbers.

The location of identification numbers and component product identification numbers are shown.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER





Thank you very much for your reading. Please Click Here. Then Get COMPLETE MANUAL. NO WAITING



NOTE:

If there is no response to click on the link above, please download the PDF document first and then click on it.

6.0 HP BRIGGS & STRATTON QUANTUM ENGINE

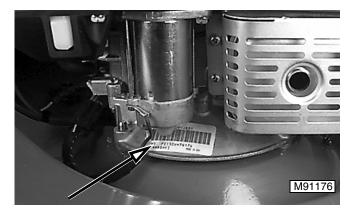




6.5 HP BRIGGS & STRATTON INTEK ENGINE



KAWASAKI ENGINE



2 - 12 3/30/01

CONTENTS

	Page
SPECIFICATIONS	3
ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS	
FUEL SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	_
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
REPAIR SPECIFICATIONS	
TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS	
SPECIAL EQUIPMENT OR TOOLS	
OTHER MATERIALS	_
COMPONENT LOCATION	
ENGINE – WITH FLYWHEEL BRAKE	_
ENGINE – WITH BLADE BRAKE CLUTCH	7
CARBURETOR	8
TROUBLESHOOTING	9
ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING CHART	9
CARBURETION TROUBLESHOOTING CHART	10
ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE	11
THEORY OF OPERATION	. 13
COOLING SYSTEM	13
CRANKCASE BREATHER SYSTEM	13
COMPRESSION RELEASE SYSTEM	13
LUBRICATION SYSTEM	13
FUEL SYSTEM	13
IGNITION CIRCUIT OPERATION – JA62	14
IGNITION CIRCUIT OPERATION – JA65	15
CARBURETOR PRIMER CIRCUIT OPERATION	16
CARBURETOR MAIN CIRCUIT OPERATION	17
AIR INTAKE SYSTEM OPERATION	18
GOVERNOR OPERATION	19
FLYWHEEL BRAKE OPERATION – JA62	20
DIAGNOSIS	. 21
ENGINE TURNS OVER BUT WILL NOT START	
ENGINE STARTS, THEN STOPS, OR STOPS WHEN HOT	
ENGINE USES TOO MUCH OIL OR BLUE EXHAUST SMOKE	
BLACK EXHAUST SMOKE OR ENGINE FLOODING	
ENGINE SURGES	
ENGINE MISSES/BACKFIRES, OR SPRAYS FUEL OUT OF CARBUETOR INL	
TESTS AND ADJUSTMENTS	
AUTOMATIC COMPRESSION RELEASE (ACR) TEST	
CYLINDER LEAK-DOWN TEST	
VALVE CLEARANCE CHECK	
CRANKCASE BREATHER TEST	
CRANKCASE VACUUM TEST	
THROTTLE CABLE ADJUSTMENT – JA65	
GOVERNOR ADJUSTMENT	27



3/30/01 **3 - 1**



Р	age
ENGINE IDLE ADJUSTMENT – JA62	28
ENGINE FAST IDLE ADJUSTMENT – JA65	28
FLYWHEEL KEY INSPECTION	29
REPAIR	29
CARBURETOR REMOVAL	29
CARBURETOR INSPECTION	30
MUFFLER REMOVAL & INSTALLATION	30
THROTTLE CABLE REMOVAL & INSTALLATION – JA65	31
FLYWHEEL BRAKE CABLE REMOVAL & INSTALLATION – JA62	
ENGINE COVER REMOVAL	32
FUEL TANK REMOVAL	32
ENGINE BLOWER HOUSING REMOVAL	32
ENGINE BLOWER HOUSING INSTALLATION	33
FLYWHEEL REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	33
CYLINDER HEAD REMOVAL	34
CYLINDER HEAD INSTALLATION	34
CYLINDER HEAD INSPECTION	_
CRANKCASE BREATHER REMOVAL & INSPECTION	34
CRANKCASE BREATHER INSTALLATION	35
VALVE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	35
ENGINE REMOVAL & INSTALLATION – JA62	36
ENGINE REMOVAL & INSTALLATION – JA65	37
CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL	
CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION	39
CAMSHAFT INSPECTION	40
GOVERNOR LEVER REMOVAL & INSTALLATION	
PISTON REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY	
PISTON REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY	
CONNECTING ROD INSPECTION	
CYLINDER BORE MEASUREMENT	
CRANKSHAFT REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	
MAGNETO BEARING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	
VALVE SEAT RECONDITIONING	
VALVE FACE RECONDITIONING	
VALVE SEAT REPLACEMENT	_
EXHAUST VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT	
RECOIL STARTER REMOVAL & INSTALLATION	
RECOIL STARTER DISASSEMBLY	
RECOIL STARTER COMPONENT LOCATION	48

3 - 2 3/30/01