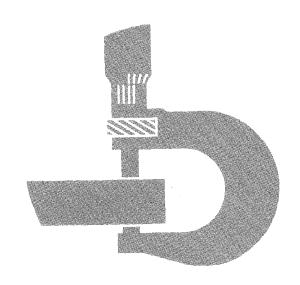
John Deere JD770 Motor Grader

TECHNICAL MANUAL



TM-1123

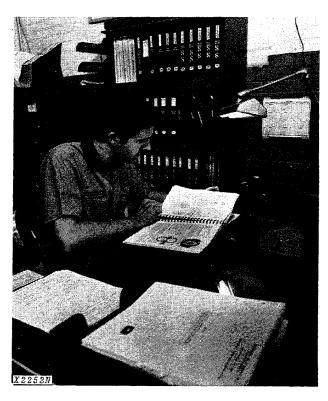
SECTION AND GROUP CONTENTS OF THIS MANUAL

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION Group I - Contents Group II - Introduction and Safety Information Group III - General Specifications Group IV - Predelivery, Delivery and After-Sale Services Group V - Lubrication	SECTION 5 - ENGINE AUXILIARY SYSTEMS Group 0505 - Cold Weather Starting Aids Group 0510 - Engine Cooling Systems Group 0515 - Speed Controls Group 0520 - Intake System Group 0560 - External Fuel Supply Systems Group 0599 - Specifications and Special Tools
SECTION 1 - WHEELS AND TIRES	
Group 0110 - Powered Wheels, Tires and Fastenings Group 0120 - Non-Powered Wheels, Tires and Fastenings Group 0199 - Specifications and Special Tools	SECTION 8 - TRANSFER DRIVE Group 0841 - Housings and Covers Group 0851 - Gears, Shafts and Bearings Group 0899 - Specifications and Special Tools
	SECTION 9 - STEERING SYSTEM
SECTION 2 - AXLES AND SUSPENSION	Group 0960 - Power Steering
SYSTEMS	Group 0999 - Specifications and Special Tools
Group 0201 - Drive Axle Housings	
Group 0210 - Differential	SECTION 10 - SERVICE BRAKES
Group 0230 - Non-Powered Wheel Axles	Group 1011 - Service Brakes Active Elements
Group 0250 - Axle Shaft, Bearings and Reduction	Group 1015 - Controls Linkage
Gears	Group 1066 - Brakes Hydraulics
Group 0299 - Specifications and Special Tools	Group 1099 - Specifications and Special Tools
SECTION 3 - TRANSMISSION	CECTION 11 DADIVING EMERGENCY ORANGO
Group 0315 - Controls	SECTION 11 - PARKING-EMERGENCY BRAKES
Group 0341 - Housings and Covers	Group 1111 - Parking Brake Active Elements
Group 0350 - Gears, Shafts, Bearings and Power	Group 1115 - Controls Linkage Group 1199 - Specifications and Special Tools
Shift Clutch	Group 1199 - Specifications and Special 1001s
Group 0360 - Transmission Hydraulics	SECTION 15 - EQUIPMENT ATTACHING
Group 0370 - Clutch Disconnect and Controls	Group 1511 - Drawbar
Group 0399 - Specifications and Special Tools	Group Tott Dranba.
SECTION 4 - ENGINES	SECTION 16 - ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
Group 0400 - Engine Removal and Installation	Group 1671 - Batteries, Support and Cables
Group 0401 - Crankshaft and Main Bearings	Group 1672 - Alternator, Regulator and Charging
Group 0402 - Camshafts and Valve Actuating	System Wiring
Means	Group 1673 - Vehicle Lighting System
Group 0403 - Connecting Rods and Pistons	Group 1674 - Wiring Harness and Switches
Group 0404 - Cylinder Block	Group 1675 - Automatic Control Systems and
Group 0407 - Engine Oiling System	Controls
Group 0408 - Ventilating System	Group 1676 - Instruments and Indicators
Group 0409 - Cylinder Head and Valves	Group 1699 - Specifications and Special Tools
Group 0410 - Exhaust Manifold	
Group 0413 - Fuel Injection System	SECTION 17 - FRAME, CHASSIS OR SUPPORT-
Group 0414 - Intake Manifold	ING STRUCTURE
Group 0416 - Turbocharger	Group 1740 - Frame Installation
Group 0417 - Water Pump	Group 1746 - Bottom Guards
Group 0418 - Thermostats, Housings and Piping Group 0419 - Engine Oil Cooler	Group 1747 - Vehicle Bumpers
Group 0419 - Engine Oil Cooler Group 0420 - Fuel Filter	Group 1799 - Specifications and Special Tools
Group 0420 - Faet Filter Group 0422 - Starting Motor and Fastenings	
Group 0433 - Flywheel, Housing and Fasteners	
Group 0499 - Specifications and Special Tools	
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SECTION 42 - Ground Conditioning Tools
Group 4201 - Teeth and Shanks
Group 4240 - Frames
Group 4260 - Hydraulic System
Group 4299 - Specifications and Special Tools
SECTION 46 - AUTOMATIC CONTROLS
Group 4615 - Linkages
Group 4640 - Frames and Housings
Group 4660 - Hydraulic Components
Group 4670 - Electrical Components
Group 4699 - Specifications and Special Tools
SECTION 90 - SYSTEM TESTING
Group 9005 - General Information - Seven Ba- sic Steps of Testing and Diagnosis
Group 9010 - Engine
Group 9015 - Electrical System
Group 9020 - Power Train
Group 9025 - Hydraulic System
Group 9030 - Miscellaneous Components
Group 9032 - Automatic Blade Control
Group 9035 - Specifications and Special Tools

II INDEX

Group II INTRODUCTION AND SAFETY INFORMATION INTRODUCTION



Use FOS Manuals for Reference

This technical manual is part of a twin concept of service:

The two kinds of manuals work as a team to give you both the general background and technical details of shop service.

•FOS Manuals—for reference

Fundamentals of Service (FOS) Manuals cover basic theory of operation, fundamentals of trouble shooting, general maintenance, and basic types of failure and their causes. FOS Manuals are for training new personnel and for reference by experienced service technicians.



When a service technician should refer to a FOS Manual for more information, a FOS symbol like the one at the left is used in the TM to identify the reference.

•Technical Manuals—for actual service

Technical Manuals are concise service guides for a specific machine. Technical manuals are on-the-job guides containing only the vital information needed by an experienced service technician.



Use Technical Manuals for Actual Service

This technical manual was planned and written for you—an experienced service technician. Keep it in a permanent binder in the shop where it is handy. Refer to it whenever in doubt about correct service procedures or specifications.

Some features of this manual:

- Inside front cover "Table of Contents".
- Section I General specifications and services.
- Sections 1 through 42 Removal, repair, testing (components removed), installation, and adjustment.
- Section 90 Detailed explanation of system operation, diagnosis, visual inspection, testing, and adjustments.
- Specifications grouped and illustrated at the end of each section.

MAINTENANCE WITHOUT ACCIDENT WORK SAFELY



This safety alert symbol identifies important safety messages in this manual and on the motor grader. When you see this symbol, be alert to the possibility of personal injury and carefully read the message that follows.

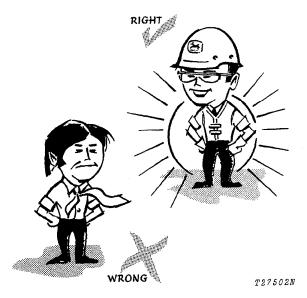
EVERY EMPLOYER HAS A SAFETY PROGRAM. KNOW WHAT IT IS!



Consult your shop foreman for specific instructions on a job, and the safety equipment required.

For instance, you may need: Hard hat, safety shoes, safety goggles, heavy gloves, reflector vests, ear protectors, respirators.

Litho in U.S.A.



BE ALERT!

Plan ahead—work safely—know how to use a first-aid kit and a fire extinguisher—and where to get aid and assistance.



Maintenance Area

Make sure the maintenance area is adequately vented.

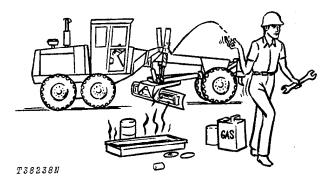
Keep maintenance area CLEAN AND DRY. Oily and wet floors are slippery; greasy rags are a fire hazard; wet spots are dangerous when working with electrical equipment.

Store starting aids in a cool and well-ventilated place, out of the reach of unauthorized personnel.

MAINTENANCE WITHOUT ACCIDENT

AVOID FIRE HAZARDS—

Fuel Is Dangerous!



Don't smoke while refueling.

Don't smoke while handling highly flammable material.

Engine should be shut off when refueling.

Use care in refueling if the engine is hot.

Don't use open pans of gasoline or diesel fuel for cleaning parts. Good commercial, nonflammable solvents are preferred.

Battery Gas Is Highly Flammable!

Provide adequate ventilation when charging batteries.



Don't check battery charge by placing metal objects across the posts.

Don't allow sparks or open flame near batteries. Don't smoke near battery.

Flame Is Not a Flashlight!

NEVER USE OPEN FLAME AROUND THE MA-CHINE.

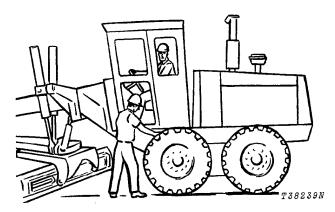
KNOW WHERE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS ARE KEPT!

UNDER ALL MAINTENANCE CONDITIONS—

Do not perform any work on the equipment unless authorized to do so. Then be sure you know the safe and proper procedure.

Follow recommended procedures.

Never service the equipment while it is being operated.



Avoid working on equipment with the engine running.

If it is necessary to make checks with the engine running, **ALWAYS USE TWO** service technicians—one, the operator, at the controls, the other checking within sight of the operator.

KEEP HANDS AWAY FROM MOVING PARTS

Support all raised equipment.

Never work under raised blade, ripper, or scarifier. Lower all equipment to ground.

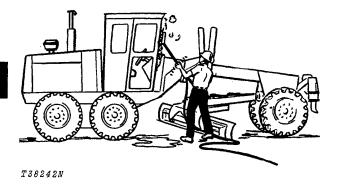
If the machine is on an incline, block it securely.

Use hoisting equipment for lifting heavy parts.

TAKE CARE! WATCH OUT FOR OTHER PEOPLE IN THE VICINITY

Wear safety glasses when drilling, grinding, or hammering metal.

SERVICING PRECAUTIONS



Keep ALL equipment free of dirt and oil.

Be sure to clean any oil, grease, mud, ice, or snow from floor of operator's compartment, stepping points, and grab rails.

When preparing the engine for storage, remember that inhibitor is volatile and therefore dangerous. Seal and tape openings after adding the inhibitor. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Don't remove the radiator cap until coolant temperature is below the boiling point. Then turn cap slightly to relieve pressure before removing.

Periodically check exhaust system for excessive leakage.

Relieve hydraulic pressure before working on hydraulic system: shut off engine, lower all equipment to ground, and move control levers until no response is felt.

When checking hydraulic pressure, be sure to use the correct test gauge.

PRECAUTIONS DURING REPAIR

Before working on hydraulic system relieve hydraulic pressure.

Before repairing the electrical system, or performing a major overhaul, disconnect batteries.

KNOW EQUIPMENT IS READY!

Check guards, safety bars—all protective devices installed on the grader. Every one should be in place and secure.

CHECK IT OUT!

- ☐ GUARDS
- ☐ SHIELDS
- ☐ PROTECTIVE DEVICES
- ☐ SEAT BELTS, ETC.



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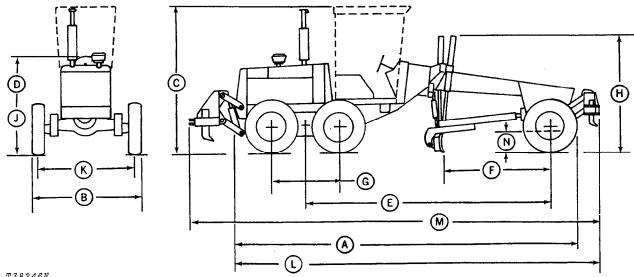
Carefully inspect equipment for visual defects—leaks in fuel, lubrication, and hydraulic systems. Do not search for pressurized fluid leaks with your hands. Use cardboard or wood to search for leaks.

Group III GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

(Specifications and design subject to change without notice. Wherever applicable, specifications are in accordance with ICED and SAE Standards. Except where otherwise noted, these specifications are based on a unit equipped with 13.00-24, 10-ply-rating, tubeless tires, 13-ft. (3.96 m) moldboard, and standard equipment.

l	Power (@ 2200 engine rpm): SAE Gross	Travel Speeds (2,200 engine rpm, no tire slip, 14.00 - 24 tires)
•	Net142 (106 kW*) 144 PS	Shift Lever Position mph km/h
	, ,	Forward 1 2.3 3.7
	*Net engine flywheel power is for an engine equipped	2 3.3 5.3
	with fan, air cleaner, water pump, lubricating-oil pump,	3 5.2 8.9
	fuel pump, alternator, and muffler. Gross engine power	4 6.7 10.8
•	is without fan. Flywheel power ratings are under SAE	5 8.8 14.2
	standard conditions of 500 ft. (150 m) altitude and 85°	6 11.5 18.5
	F (20°C) temperature and DIN 70 020 conditions	7 14.6 23.6
	(non-corrected). No derating is required up to 10,000	8 25.1 40.4
	ft. (3 000 m)	Reverse 1 3.0 4.8
		2 4.2 6.8
	*In the international system of units (SI), power is	3 6.6 10.6
	expressed in kilowatts (kW).	4 8.6 13.9
İ	Engine: John Deere Turbocharged diesel, vertical 6-cylinder, valve-in-head, 4-stroke cycle.	Brakes: ServiceFoot-operated, hydraulically-
	Bore and stroke 4.75 x 5.00 in. (120.6 x 127 mm)	actuated, wet-disk, effective
	Piston displacement 531 cu. in (8 702 cm³)	on 4 tandem wheels
	Compression ratio	Parking Foot-operated, mechanical, dry-
1	Maximum torque	disk effective on 4 tandem
l	@ 1,400 rpm	wheels
	Main bearings 7	Steering:
	Lubrication Pressure system with	FrontFull hydraulic power system
	full-flow filter	Rear Hydraulically-articulated frame
	Cooling Pressurized with thermostat	steering (25 deg. left or right)
	and fixed bypass	Turning radius
	Fan Suction	Range 47.5 deg. left or right
	Air cleaner with restriction indicator Dry	
	Electrical system 24 volt (24 V)	Hydraulic System: Closed-center
	with alternator	Pressure
	Batteries (2) Reserve capacity:	Pressure (stand-by)
	360 minutes	Pump Variable-displacement, 57 gpm (216 L/min. @ 2,200 engine rpm)
	Transmission Power Shift, 8 forward and 4	Circle: Welded angle, 5 ft. (1.5 m) dia.
	reverse selections	Rotation
	Differential Lock Foot-operated, hydraulically- actuated	Drive Hydraulic motor and worm gear
		Drawbar Welded box, 3.5x7x0.5 in.
	Final Drives	(89x178x13 mm) wall, w/ball and
		socket pivot

Blade: Standard Length	Optional 12 ft. (3.66 m)	Rear Drive Axle: ings Diameter at bea				
Height	24 in. (610 mm)	Tires		24, 10 and	12 pl	y-rating
Thickness	0.88 in. (22 mm)		14.00 - 24,	•	12 pl	
Blade Lifting Mechanism: ControlDual le				5 - 25 and 14 in. (3	12 pl	y-rating
Cylinders (2) 3.5 in. (89 n 49 in. (1	nm) dia. bore; I.25 m) stroke	Scarifier (Specia cut with 3 manu			4 ft. (1.22 m)
Blade Range: Lift above ground	in. (432 mm)	Number of teeth Lift above groun	n	(standard), 22 i	n. (55	9 mm)
Right or left) in. (683 mm)	Penetration Shank size	1.25	5x4.0 in. (3	1.7x10)2 mm)
Right 92.5 in Left 92 in Pitch 92 in	. (2 337 mm)	Ripper (Special parallelogram lin tions.				
Lift arms:	_	Number of shar Number of shar	•			
Positions		Lift above grour Penetration		14 i	n. (35	66 mm)
Frame: Rear main frame Flanged bo articulation joint to ma		Shank size Lift above grour (shank in upp	nd			
Top and bottom plate, width		Capacities:	ber position,	U.S		Litres
thickness	75 in. (22 mm) 5 in. (260 mm)	Fuel tank Cooling system				265 37.8
thickness . 0.5 Weight per ft., min		Engine lubrication including filter *Transmission-h	r	22	qt.	21
	323 cm cubed)	system Tandem housing	gs (each)	4 (gal.	117 15
Front main frameFormed box sectors frame arch Width	to front hood	Worm gearbox		3 (qt.	2.8
Height, min	3 in. (330 mm)	SAE Operating Weight	On Front Wheels	On Rear Wheels	Total	
Weight per ft., min		Standard equipment	.8,220 lb. (3 729 kg)	•		
modulus	254 cm cubed)	Standard equipment,				
mm) x 7.56 in. (192 mm) Drive	ch roller chain	and scarifier		21,626 lb. (9 809 kg)		
	in. (85.1 mm)	Standard equipment,				
spindles, tapered roller bearings Diameter at bearing seats3.		scarifier and ripper	8,637 lb. . (3 918 kg)	24,922 lb. (11 304 kg		
	7 in. (48 mm) 30 deg.	*Includes appro cylinders, lines,	ximately 8			



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ΟV	EH-ALL	DIMEN	SIUNS			
A.	Length			27 ft.	9.5 in. (ί
_			- 4			

(8.47 m) B. Width (13.00 - 24 tires) Width (17.5 - 25 tires) Width (14.00 - 24 tires) C. Height (with Cab) 10 ft. 6 in. (3.2 m) D. Height (w/o Cab - To Top of Steering Wheel) 90 in. (2.3 m)

E. Wheel Base 19 ft. 7 in. (5.97 m) F. Blade Base 8 ft. 11 in. (2.72 m) G. Tandems (Center Line) 5 ft. 0.7 ft. (1.54 m) H. Height (Top Lift Cylinders) ... 9 ft. 7 in. (2.92 m) J. Height (Top Air Cleaner) 96 in. (2.4 m)

Additional Standard Equipment:

Transistorized voltage

regulator Lights (2 white front with stop and tail-

light)

Cigaret lighter Horn

Deluxe bucket seat Front windshield wiper

Floor mat

Engine side shields Horn

Turn signals

Mechanical hour meter Cold weather starting aid

Gauges:

Water temperature Transmission temperature Transmission pressure Engine-oil pressure Transmission lube

Fuel

Pre-cleaner

ROPS with cab and seat

helt

Air filter indicator Rear windshield wiper Work lights (2 front and 2 rear floods)

OVER-ALL DIMENSIONS

K. Tread

(Front) (13.00 - 24 tires) 76.6 in. (1.94 m) (Front) (17.5 - 25 tires) 79.36 in. (2.01 m) (Front) (14.00 - 24 tires) 76.6 in. (1.94 m) (Rear) (13.00 - 24 tires) 79.61 in. (2.02 m) (Rear) (17.5 - 25 tires) 82.37 in. (2.09 m) (Rear) (14.00 - 24 tires).... 79.61 in. (2.02 m)

L. Length with Scarifier (In Up

M. Length with Scarifier and Ripper (Both in Up

N. Front axle ground clearance

with 13.00 - 24 tires...... 22 in. (559 mm) with 17.5 - 25 tires 23.2 in. (589 mm) with 14.00 - 24 tires..... 22.5 in. (571 mm)

Special Equipment:

Scarifier

Cab heater Cab defroster fan

ROPS canopy with seat belt Rear mounted ripper with drawbar hitch

Below-cab blade liahts

Reverse warning system

3-in. seat belt Articulation indicator Heavy-duty batteries (2)

(620 min. reserve

capacity) Coolant heater Bench seat

2 ft. (610 mm) moldboard extensions, right or left 13 ft. (3.96 m) moldboard 14 ft. (4.27 m) moldboard Engine disconnect

Overlay end bits

Transmission bottom guard

Drawbar hitch Tool box Sound-baffled

engine side shields

Group IV PREDELIVERY, DELIVERY, AND AFTER-SALE SERVICES

TEMPORARY UNIT STORAGE

After receiving your unit from the factory and before putting the machine into temporary storage, perform the following checks.

For long term storage information, consult your JD770 Operator's Manual.

- 1. Check battery electrolyte level and charge the battery, if necessary.
- 2. Check coolant level in the radiator. The coolant should be maintained at a level 4 inches (102 mm) below the top of the filler neck.
 - 3. Fill the fuel tank.
- 4. Check crankcase oil level. Oil should be above bottom mark of dipstick after machine has been shut down for 10 minutes.
- 5. Relieve hydraulic pressure by lowering blade and stopping engine. Operate brake pedals until hydraulic pressure is bled.
- 6. Reduce shipping pressure of all tires to inflation pressure, shown on page I-IV-9.
 - 7. Cover unit for protection and cleanliness.

PREDELIVERY SERVICE

Because of the shipping factors involved, plus extra finishing touches that are necessary to promote customer satisfaction, proper predelivery service is of prime importance to the dealer and the customer.

Use the following list when preparing a unit for delivery to the customer.

1. Pre-Cleaner

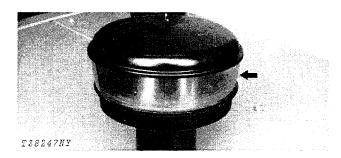


Fig. 1-Pre-Cleaner

Check and clean pre-cleaner bowl.

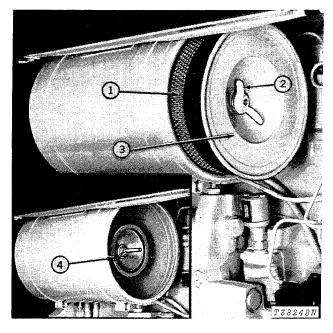
Pre-cleaner checked and cleaned

Yes

No

2. Air Cleaner

Check air cleaner restriction indicator on instrument panel. If indicator shows red, check and clean primary element. Install new elements, if necessary.



1—Primary Element 2—Wing Nut 3—Air Cleaner Cover 4—Safety Element

Fig. 2-Air Cleaner

Air cleaner checked New elements installed Yes No Yes No

3. Fuel Filters

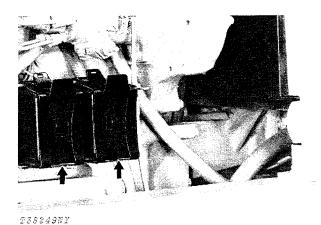


Fig. 3-Fuel Filters

Check fuel filters for sediment. Drain if necessary.

Sediment present in filters

Yes

No

4. Batteries

Check battery electrolyte level. If distilled water is not available, use clean soft water. Avoid use of hard water. Remove foreign material from top of battery and coat terminals with petroleum jelly. Clean vent holes in battery caps.

IMPORTANT: Never add water to battery in freezing weather unless engine will be run 2 to 3 hours.

Check battery connection. Punch date code on battery.

Battery connections checked Water added

Yes No Yes No

5. Fuel Tank

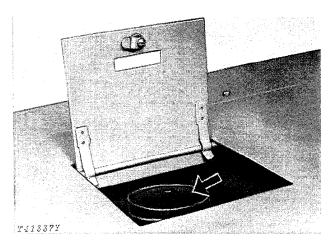


Fig. 4-Fuel Tank Filler Cap

Fill the fuel tank. Check fuel gauge. Fuel tank capacity is 70 U.S. gals. (265 L).

Fuel tank filled Yes No Fuel gauge checked Yes No

6. Fuel Tank Sump

IMPORTANT: Sediment will settle over extended periods of transport or storage.

Open the fuel tank drain cock. Allow fuel to drain out for approximately three seconds.

NOTE: Fuel tank sump drain is located on the bottom of the fuel tank. A plastic hose is attached to drain cock to assist in draining tank.

Fuel sump drained

es No

7. Radiator

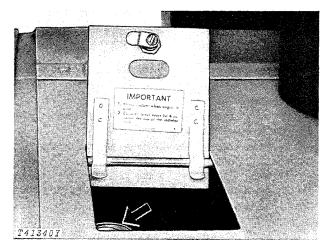


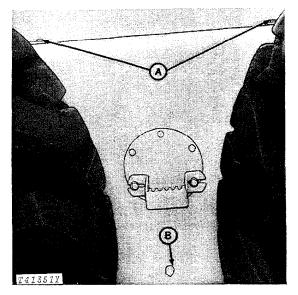
Fig. 5-Radiator Filler Cap

Check the level of coolant in the radiator. Coolant must be 4 inches (102 mm) below the top of the filler neck. Add permanent type antifreeze for cold weather.

CAUTION: Remove the radiator filler cap only when the coolant temperature is below the boiling point. Then loosen the cap slightly to the stop to relieve pressure before removing the cap completely.

Radiator coolant level checked Coolant or antifreeze added Yes No _____qts. (L)

8. Tandem Drives



A-Inspection Plates

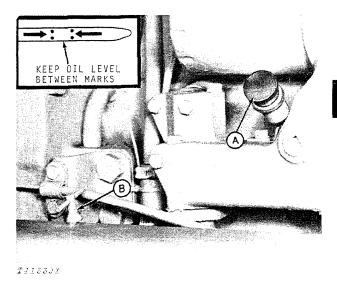
B-Oil Level Plug

Fig. 6-Tandem Drive

With the grader standing on a level surface and blade on ground, check oil in both tandems by removing oil level plug. Oil must be level with check plug hole. If necessary, add oil specified on page I-V-2 through one of the holes under inspection plate.

Tandem drives oil level checked	Yes No
Oil added	qts. (L)

9. Crankcase Oil Level



A-Dipstick

B—Oil Filler Cap

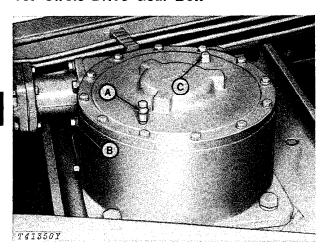
Fig. 7-Crankcase Oil Level

Check crankcase oil level with machine on level ground and engine off. If oil level is at or below bottom mark on dipstick, add oil specified on page I-V-2 to bring oil level to between marks on dipstick. Do not operate engine with oil level below the bottom mark.

NOTE: There is 3-1/2 quarts (3.3 L) difference between the bottom mark and the top mark on the dipstick.

Crankcase oil level checked	Yes	No
Oil added	qts.	(L)

10. Circle Drive Gear Box



A---Vent

B-Oil Level Plug

C-Filler Plug

Fig. 8-Circle Drive Gear Box

With the blade resting on level ground, check the circle drive gear box oil level by removing the oil level plug. Oil must be level with the plug hole. If necessary, add oil specified on page I-V-2. Install filler plug.

Circle drive gear box oil level checked Oil added

_qts. (L)

11. Alternator-Fan Belt Tension

Check the tension on the alternator and fan belts.

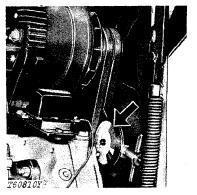


Fig. 9-Strand Tension Gauge

Tension gauge: Immediately after engine shut down (run engine at least 5 minutes), check belt tension. If less than 50 lb. (223 N), allow engine to cool 10 to 15 minutes, then reset tension to 90 lb. (400 N).

NOTE: Check front belt only.

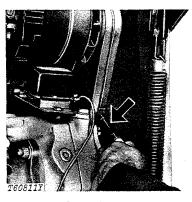


Fig. 10-Gates Tension Tester

Tension tester: Apply 25 lb. (111 N) force midway between pulleys. Belt should deflect 3/4 in. (19 mm).

If adjustment is needed, see page I-IV-23.

Belt tension checked

Yes No

12. Check Air Intake Hose

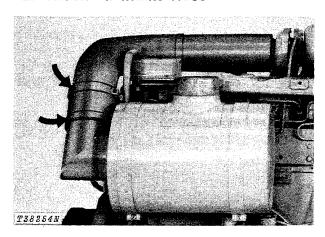


Fig. 11-Air Intake Hose

Check clamps on hose which connect air cleaner and turbocharger tube. Tighten hose clamps where necessary to prevent dirt from entering engine. Inspect hose for cracks.

Air intake hose checked Loose connections

Yes

Yes No

No

13. Checking Transmission-Hydraulic System Oil Level

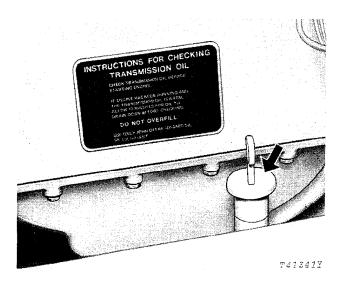


Fig. 12-Transmission-Hydraulic System Filler Cap and Dipstick

Check the transmission-hydraulic system oil level with the dipstick fully inserted in dipstick tube.

Perform the following transmission-hydraulic oil level check: Before starting the engine check the oil level with dipstick. If the oil level is at or near the upper mark, there is sufficient oil in the system to permit starting the engine. If oil level is low, add oil specified on page I-V-2. Install dipstick.

If the engine has been running and the transmission oil is warm, allow 10 minutes for oil to drain down before checking.

Transmission-hydraulic oil level checked Transmission-hydraulic oil added Yes No

14. Check Engine Speeds

Warm up engine and attach a tachometer in the hour meter drive plug hole to check engine speeds.

No-load, fast idle speed should be 2450 rpm. Slow idle should be 900 rpm.

If engine speeds need adjustment, see page I-IV-23.

Engine speeds checked

Yes No

15. Parking Brake

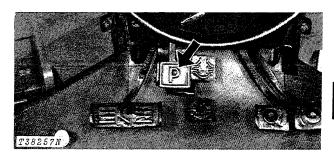


Fig. 13-Parking Brake Pedal

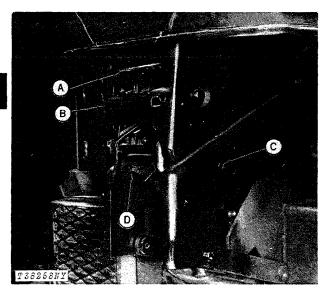
Depress the parking brake pedal with a reasonably heavy force (approximately 150 lbs. [667 N \pm]). Remove force from pedal. If the pedal moves upward before it locks, the pedal is traveling beyond the ratchet and needs adjusting. If the pedal is in the lower portion of travel, it should not be adjusted.

To adjust the parking brake, see page I-IV-24.

Parking brake checked

Yes No

16. Check Seat Operation



- -Seat Position Selector Lever B-Seat Release Catch
- -Indicator
- D-Weight Adjusting Screw

Fig. 14-Seat Operation

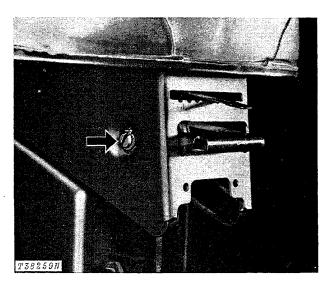


Fig. 15-Seat Counterbalance Shaft

Check the seat adjusting mechanisms denoted in Figures 13 and 14 for easy and correct action.

Seat operation checked

Yes

No

17. Check Light Operation

Check operation of the following lights.



- 1-Drive Light Switch
- 3-Turn Light Switch
- 2-Work Light Switch

Fig. 16-Light Switches

The drive light switch (1) is on the left side of the instrument panel. With the switch lever in the down position the lights are off; with the switch lever in the up position the drive lights are on. The dimmer switch is located on the left foot rest. When the switch button is pressed, the driving lights change from high beam to low beam or low to high.

The work light switch (2) is located on the right side of the instrument panel. With the switch lever in up or "F" position the front work lights are on, with the lever in the down or "F-R" position the front and rear work lights are on, and with the switch in the center or "OFF" position the work lights are off.

The turn light switch (3) is controlled by a lever near the steering column. When the lever is down the left turn lights flash; when the lever is in the first up from neutral position the right turn lights flash; when the lever is all the way up all the ROPS-mounted warning lights flash; and when the lever is in the "N" position no lights will flash.

All lights checked

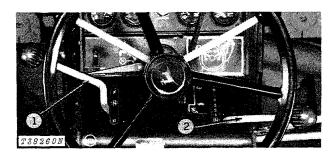
Yes

No

18. Check Transmission Shifting

The grader is equipped with a John Deere Power Shift Transmission. The Power Shift Transmission provides eight forward and four reverse speeds which can be shifted "on the go" or when the grader is stopped by moving the transmission speed selector and direction selector levers to the desired positions.

NOTE: The parking brake must be released before the direction selector lever can be shifted out of neutral.



- 1-Direction Selector Lever 2-Transmission Speed Selector Lever
 - Fig. 17-Transmission Controls

Shift transmission through all ranges. If transmission does not respond see Section 3 for repair.

Transmission operational

No Yes

19. Reverser Operation

The reverser unit allows the operator to change the direction of travel "on the go" without declutching or shifting gears.

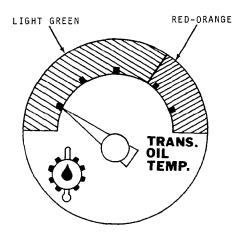
When the direction selector lever is moved forward from neutral, the motor grader will move forward provided the transmission speed selector lever is positioned in a gear.

When the direction selector lever is moved rearward from neutral, the motor grader will move rearward provided the transmission speed selector lever is in the 1-4 gear range. If the transmission speed selector lever is in the 5-8 gear range, the direction selector cannot be moved rearward.

Direction selector lever checked

Yes No

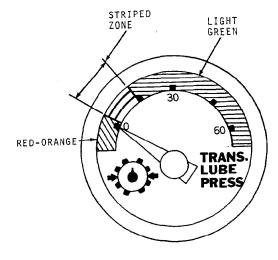
20. Indicator Lights and Gauges



T38261N

Fig. 18-Transmission Oil Temperature Gauge

The transmission temperature gauge indicates the temperature of the lubricating oil in the transmission. If indicator hand enters the red-orange zone, operate in a lower gear or speed. If hand remains in the redorange zone, check transmission oil level or plugged oil cooler. Do not continue grader operation with hand in the red-orange zone.

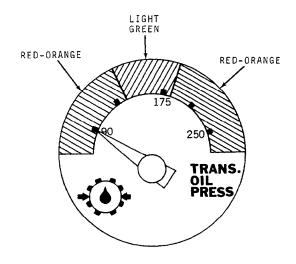


T38262N

Fig. 19-Transmission Lube Pressure Gauge

During normal operations, the indicator hand should be in the light green zone on the dial. When the engine is idling the indicator hand should be in the striped zone.

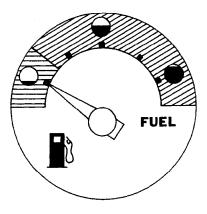
IMPORTANT: Do not operate the grader if the indicator falls into the red-orange zone.



T38263N

Fig. 20-Transmission Oil Pressure Gauge

During normal operations, the indicator hand should be in the light green zone on the dial. If the indicator hand is in the right hand red-orange zone, there is excess pressure in the transmission. If the indicator hand drops into the left red-orange zone, there is low pressure. If hand is in either zone, stop the grader and determine the cause.



T38264N

Fig. 21-Fuel Gauge

The fuel gauge is used to determine the amount of fuel in the fuel tank.

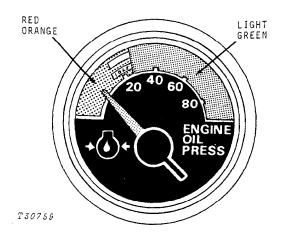


Fig. 22-Engine Oil Pressure Gauge

During normal operations, the indicator hand should be in the light green zone on the dial. If the indicator hand goes into the red-orange zone, stop the grader and check the engine oil level. If oil level is not low, check for restrictions in oil lines or incorrect viscosity oil.

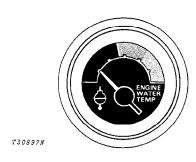


Fig. 23-Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge

The engine coolant temperature gauge indicates the coolant temperature in the cooling system. Normal operating temperature is indicated by the light green zone on the dial. If above 224°F (107°C) (indicated by the red-orange zone on the dial), stop engine and determine the cause.

Gauges and indicators operational

Yes No

21. Checking Tire Pressure

Check the air pressure in all the tires with an accurate gauge having 1 psi (0.07 bar) graduations.

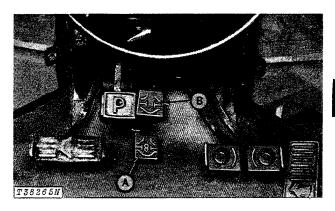
IMPORTANT: All tires must be inflated to the same pressure.

Adjust pressure in tires to the following specifications:

Tire size	Ply Rating	Inflation Pressures psi (bar)
13.00-24	10	30 (2.07)
13.00-24	12	35 (2.41)
14.00-24	10	30 (2.07)
14.00-24	12	35 (2.41)
17.5-25	12	25 (1.72)

Tire pressure checked Yes No

22. Check Differential Lock Operation



A-Engage

B-Disengage

Fig. 24-Differential Lock Pedal

Check differential lock operation.

With the engine off and differential lock engaged, raise one rear wheel off the ground.

Attempt to rotate the wheel manually. If differential lock is functioning correctly, raised wheel will lock in place.

Differential lock checked

Yes

No

23. Hydraulic Brakes

Check brake operation.

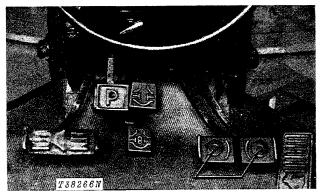


Fig. 25-Brake Pedals

Check brake system for leaks or improper operation.

Put grader in gear and depress brake pedal. Moderate pedal force should hold grader in place.

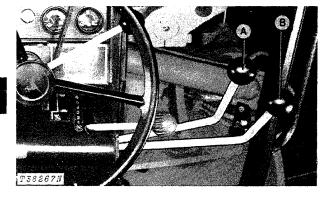
If pedal force does not hold grader in place, pedal feels spongy or bottoms out, repair is required, or system may require bleeding (page I-IV-30).

Brakes operational

Yes

No

24. Check Blade Lever Operation



A-Left Blade Lift Lever B-Right Blade Lift Lever

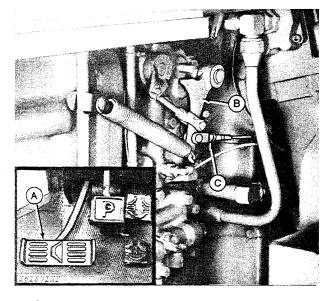
Fig. 26-Blade Lift Levers

Move levers A and B forward to lower the blade and rearward to raise the blade. Levers can be operated individually to position the blade at the desired working angle, or operated at the same time to lower the blade to working depth.

Blade lever action checked

Yes No

25. Check Clutch Pedal Adjustment



A—Clutch Pedal
B—Clutch Valve Control Lever

C--Clutch Cable Yoke

Fig. 27-Clutch Pedal Adjustment

Push down clutch pedal (A) until clutch valve control lever (B) is turned counterclockwise against the stop. The bottom of the clutch pedal must clear the floor plate.

Turn the clutch cable yoke (C) so bottom of clutch pedal clears floor plate.

Clutch pedal adjustment checked

Yes No

26. Steering

Start the engine and operate the steering wheel. Steering should be free and easy with engine running.

Steering operational

No.

27. Check Lubrication

The motor grader was checked and lubricated before it left the factory. However, to insure customer satisfaction, check each lubrication point shown on the following pages. Lubricate with several strokes of John Deere Multi-Purpose Grease, if necessary.

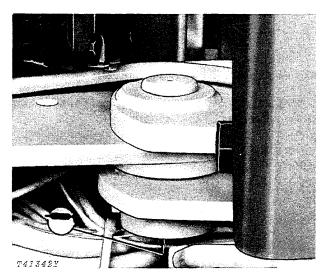


Fig. 28-Frame Pivot (Upper Shown)

Also lubricate the bottom hinge area of the frame pivot. Grease fitting is on the engine frame pivot plate.

Lubricant required

Yes No

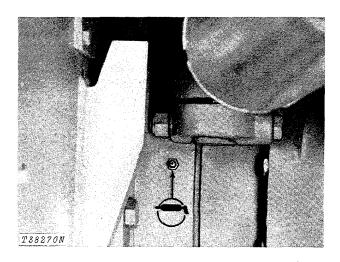


Fig. 29-Tandem Pivot (Right side shown)

Fitting shown is on the front of the tandem pivot housing between the final drive housing and the tandem housing.

Lubricant required

Yes No

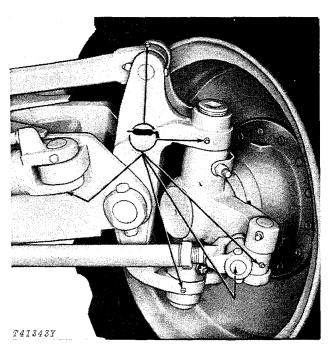


Fig. 30-Front Axle Grease Fittings (Right side shown)

Lubricant required

Yes No

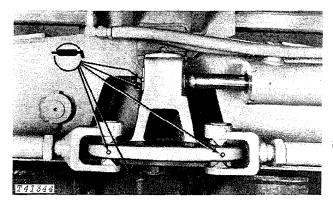
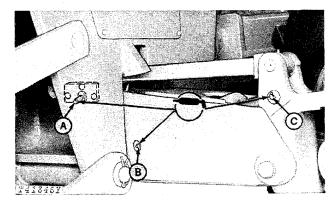


Fig. 31-Steering Yoke and Tie Bars

Lubricant required

Yes No



A—Oscillation Pivot
B and C—Wheel Lean Pivots

Fig. 32-Front Axle Oscillation Pivot and Wheel Lean Pivots

NOTE: Lubricate the front axle oscillation pivot at the front fitting as shown and the rear fitting also (not shown).

Lubricant required

Yes No

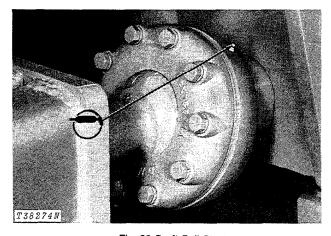


Fig. 33-Draft Ball Pivot

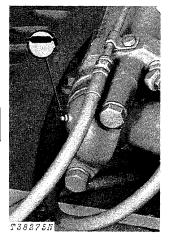




Fig. 34-Circle Side-Shift Cylinder

Lubricant required

Yes No

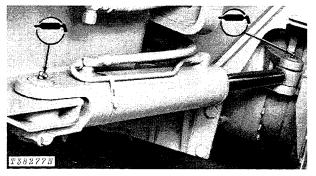


Fig. 35-Steering Cylinder (Left side shown)

Lubricant required

Yes No

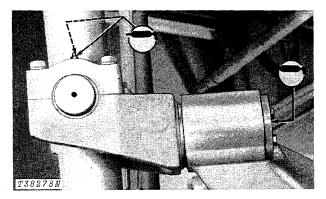


Fig. 36-Lift Cylinder Trunnion (Left side shown)

Lubricant required

Yes No

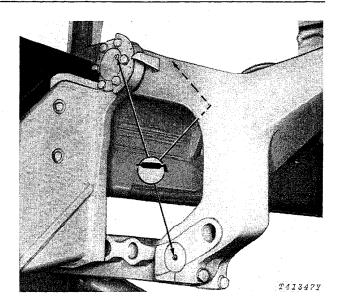


Fig. 37-Lift Arm Pivots (Right rear shown)

NOTE: Lubricate the front lift arm pivots indicated above by dotted line.

Lubricant required

Yes

No

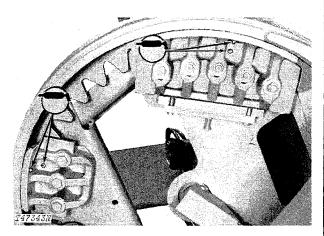


Fig. 38-Circle Wear Area (8 fittings total)

Lubricant required

Yes

No

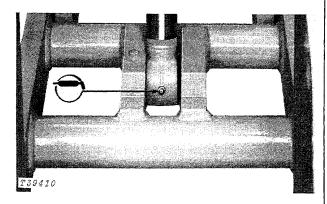


Fig. 39-Scarifier Lift Cylinder-Rod End (if equipped)

Lubricant required

Yes

Nο

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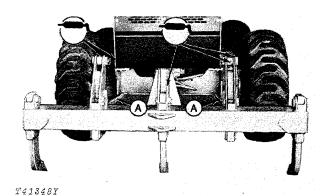


Fig. 40-Ripper Lubrication (if equipped)

Pivot pins on the ends of both plates marked A. Lower end of lift cylinder. In all, ten points should be lubricated.

Lubricant required

Yes No

28. Wheel Retaining Cap Screws



Fig. 41-Wheel Retaining Cap Screws

Check all wheel retainer cap screw torque. Tighten wheel retaining cap screws to 300 lb-ft (407 Nm).

Wheel retaining cap screws tightened

Yes A

29. Check Accumulator Action

Check the accumulator reserve capacity as follows: Start engine and run approximately one minute. Stop engine. Operate brake pedal twenty applications. After twenty applications, pedal travel should not be excessive with a firm but moderate pedal effort if the brake accumulator is functioning correctly.

Accumulator checked

Yes No

30. Fluid Leakage

Check the following systems for leakage due to poor or faulty connections and broken hoses or lines.

or lines.	
Yes	No
	Yes Yes

31. Accessible Hardware Torque Values

Check all accessible bolts and nuts for proper tightness. If hardware is loose, tighten it to the proper torque. The table below gives correct torque values for various bolts and cap screws. Most hardware used is high-strength (note dashes on hex. heads).

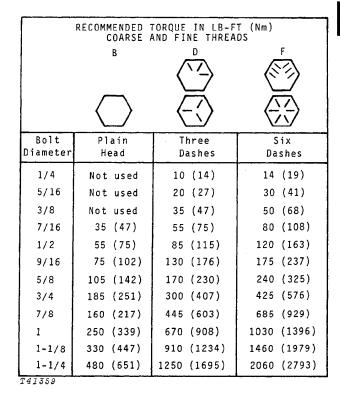


Fig. 42-Torque Chart

The types of bolts and cap screws are identified by head markings as follows:

Plain Head: regular machine bolts and cap screws.

3-Dash Head: tempered steel high-strength bolts and cap screws.

6-Dash Head: tempered steel extra high-strength bolts and cap screws.

Machine bolts and cap screws 7/8-inch and larger are sometimes formed hot rather than cold, which accounts for the lower torque.

All accessible hardware torqued

Yes No

32. Final Check

The final predelivery procedure is the overall cleanup of the motor grader. Make the motor grader LOOK like a new motor grader with the proper touch-up of chipped paint and a good wash job. Deliver to the customer a motor grader anyone would be proud to own.

DELIVERY SERVICE

A thorough discussion of the operation and service of this new motor grader at the time of delivery helps to assure complete customer satisfaction. Proper delivery should be an important phase of a dealer's program. A portion of the John Deere Delivery Receipt emphasizes the importance of proper delivery service.

Many complaints arise because the owner was not shown how to operate and service the new motor grader properly. Devote enough time, at the customer's convenience, to introduce the owner to the new motor grader and explain how to operate and service it.

The following procedure is recommended before the service technician and owner complete the delivery acknowledgments portion of the Delivery Receipt.

Using the operator's manual as a guide be sure that the owner understands these points thoroughly:

- 1. The importance of safety.
- 2. The importance of lubrication and periodic services.
 - 3. The importance of the break-in period.
 - 4. Controls and instruments.
 - 5. How to start and stop the engine.
 - 6. All functions of the hydraulic system.

After explaining and demonstrating the above features, have the owner sign the Delivery Receipt and give the owner the operator's manual.

AFTER-SALE INSPECTION

The purchaser of a new John Deere motor grader is entitled to a free inspection at some mutually agreeable time within the warranty period after the equipment has been "run in," usually after 50 to 100 hours of motor grader operation. The terms of this after-sale inspection are outlined on the customer's John Deere Delivery Receipt.

This inspection is to make sure that the customer is receiving satisfactory performance from motor grader. At the same time, the inspection should reveal whether or not the motor grader is being operated, lubricated, and serviced properly.

If the recommended after-sale service inspection is followed, the dealer can eliminate a needless volume of service work by preventing minor irregularities from developing into serious problems later on. This will promote strong dealer-customer relations and present the dealer an opportunity to answer questions that may have arisen during the first few days of operation.

During the inspection service, the dealer has the further opportunity of promoting the possible sale of other new equipment.

Check operation of all controls and instruments for freedom of movement and correct operation.

NOTE: Check with the customer if oil has been changed and filter replaced before performing this service.

Normal sequence of service is as follows:

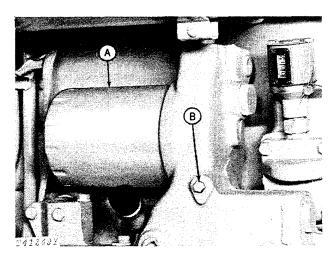
Oil and filter change - after first 100 hours - every 200 hours thereafter

If changed, record information below:

Approximate hours at change

If not, change as follows:

- 1 Run engine to heat oil.
- 2 Drain oil from engine crankcase.
- 3 While crankcase is draining, replace filter element as follows.



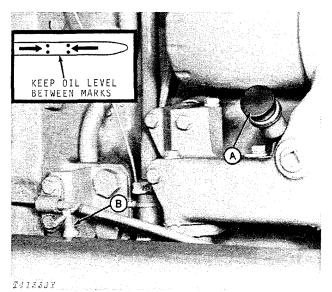
1-Engine Crankcase Oil Filter

B-Drain Plug

Fig. 43-Engine Crankcase Oil Filter

- A Remove drain plug from filter housing.
- B Remove filter element (turn counterclockwise).

- C Clean mounting surface.
- D Apply film of oil to sealing ring.
- E Tighten element until sealing ring touches mounting surface.
- F Turn an additional 1/2 to 3/4 turn.
- G Do not overtighten.
- H Install drain plug in filter housing.
- 4 Install drain plug in engine crankcase.
- 5 Fill crankcase with oil specified on page I-V-2. Capacity is 20 quarts (19 L) without filter, 22 quarts (21 L) with filter.
- 6 Run engine a short time and check for leaks at filter base, filter housing drain plug and engine crankcase drain plug. Tighten filter if required.
- 7 Stop engine.



A-Dipstick

B-Oil Filler Cap

Fig. 44-Crankcase Oil Level

8 - Check oil level. Level should be at top mark on dipstick while resting on filler tube.

Crankcase oil changed

Yes

No

No

Oil filter element changed

Yes

2. Transmission-Hydraulic System Oil Level and Filter Elements

NOTE: Before checking oil level find out if customer has changed filter elements (first 100 hours service).

If changed at an earlier date, record information below:

Approximate hours at change

If not, change as follows:

- 1 Run engine to heat oil.
- Remove transmission-hydraulic system drain plugs and transfer drive gear housing plug and drain oil.
- 3 While transmission is draining, replace the transmission and function return oil filter elements as follows:

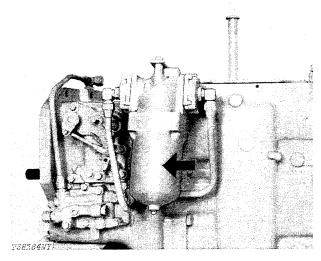


Fig. 45-Transmission Oil Filter

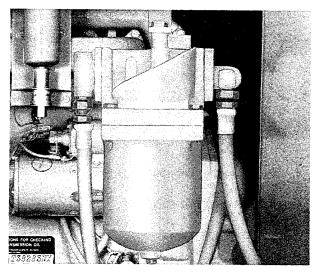


Fig. 46-Function Return Oil Filter

- A Remove drain plugs from filter housings.
- B Open filters slightly to allow oil to drain.
- C Remove filter covers.
- D Remove packings and elements.
- E Install new packings. Be sure they are fully seated.
- F Install new elements and filter covers.
- 4 Install transmission-hydraulic system drain plugs and transfer drive gear housing plug.

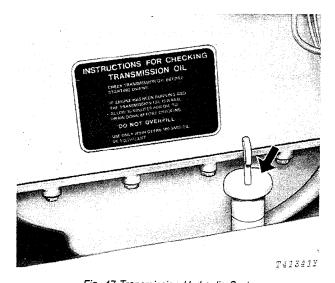


Fig. 47-Transmission-Hydraulic System Filler Cap and Dipstick

- 5 Fill transmission-hydraulic system with oil specified on page I-V-2.
- 6 Run engine a short time and check for leaks at filter bases and drain plugs. Tighten filter covers if required.
- 7 Stop engine.
- 8 Check oil level after engine has been shut off a minimum of 10 minutes. Level should be at top mark on dipstick while resting on filler tube.

Oil level checked Yes No Transmission-hydraulic system oil filter elements replaced Yes · No

3. Tandem Drives

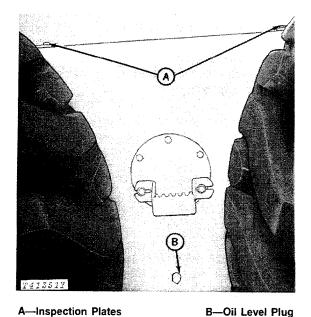
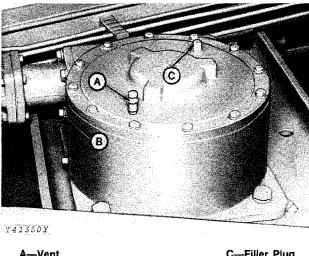


Fig. 48-Tandem Drive

With the grader standing on a level surface, check oil in both tandems by removing the oil level plug. Oil must be level with the check plug hole. If necessary, add oil specified on page I-V-2 through one of the holes under inspection plates.

Tandem drives oil level checked	Yes	N
Oil added	qts	. (L

4. Circle Drive Gear Box



A-Vent B-Oil Level Plug C-Filler Plug

Fig. 49-Circle Drive Gear Box

With the draft frame level, check the circle drive gear box oil level by removing the oil level plug. Oil must be level with the plug hole. If necessary, add oil specified on page I-V-2. Filler plug.

Circle drive gear box oil level checked	Yes No
Oil added	ats. (L